

Management's Discussion & Analysis

For the Second Quarter and Year-to-Date Ended November 1, 2025



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Management's Discussion & Analysis

The following is Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the consolidated financial results of Empire Company Limited ("Empire" or the "Company") (TSX: EMP.A) including the accounts of Empire, all subsidiary companies, including 100% owned Sobeys Inc. ("Sobeys"), Sobeys Capital Incorporated and Farm Boy, 51% owned Longo's and certain enterprises considered structured entities, where control is achieved on a basis other than through ownership of a majority of voting rights for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 compared to the quarter and year-to-date ended November 2, 2024. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 and the audited annual Consolidated Financial Statements and the related MD&A for the fiscal year ended May 3, 2025. Additional information about the Company can be found on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca or on the Company's website at www.empireco.ca.

The unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, "Interim financial reporting" as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and are reported in Canadian dollars. The unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended May 3, 2025, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the IASB ("IFRS Accounting Standards"). The unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Empire and its subsidiaries and structured entities which the Company is required to consolidate. Comparative amounts have been rounded to the nearest million to conform with current year presentation.

The information contained in this MD&A is current to December 10, 2025 unless otherwise noted. There have been no material changes to disclosures as contained in the "Critical Accounting Estimates", "Contingencies" or "Risk Management" sections of the Company's MD&A for the fiscal year ended May 3, 2025 other than as noted in this MD&A.

Forward-Looking Information

This document contains forward-looking statements which are presented for the purpose of assisting the reader to contextualize the Company's financial position and understand management's expectations regarding the Company's strategic priorities, objectives and plans. These forward-looking statements may not be appropriate for other purposes. Forward-looking statements are identified by words or phrases such as "anticipates", "expects", "believes", "estimates", "intends", "could", "may", "plans", "predicts", "projects", "will", "would", "foresees" and other similar expressions or the negative of these terms.

These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, the following items:

- The Company's aim to increase total adjusted earnings per share ("EPS") through net earnings growth and share repurchases, as well as its intention to continue improving sales, gross margin (excluding fuel) and adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") margin, all of which could be impacted by several factors including a prolonged unfavourable macro-economic environment and unforeseen business challenges, as well as the factors identified in the "Risk Management" section of the fiscal 2025 annual MD&A;
- The Company's plans to further grow and enhance the Own Brands portfolio, which may be impacted by future operating costs and customer response;
- The Company's plan to invest \$850 million capital in its network in fiscal 2026, including new store expansions and renovations and renovate approximately 20% to 25% of the network, which started in fiscal 2024 and continues through fiscal 2026 which may be impacted by cost of materials, availability of contractors, operating results, and other macro-economic impacts;
- The Company's expectation that it will successfully implement the national SAP S/4HANA Enterprise Resource Planning ("ERP") platform and the timing and consequences of implementation, which may be impacted by risks relating to implementation resources and timelines, complexity of integration and data conversion, and evolving technology requirements;
- The Company's expectation that it will meet targeted store growth of FreshCo, which may be impacted by customer response, availability of contractors, operating results, and other macro-economic impacts;
- The Company's expectation that it will improve overall e-commerce financial performance through actions it is pursuing to reduce costs and gain access to a larger segment of the grocery e-commerce market, which may be impacted by future operating and capital costs, customer response and the performance of its technology provider, Ocado Group plc ("Ocado");

- The Company's expectation that the Scene+ program will accelerate engagement by focusing on scaling personalization, which may be impacted by customer response, Scene+ app usage and the pace at which personalized offers are rolled out:
- The Company's expectation that it will continue to focus on driving efficiency and cost effectiveness initiatives including the ability to successfully pursue other e-commerce cost saving initiatives which could be impacted by supplier relationships, labour relations, successfully implementing operational efficiencies and other macro-economic impacts:
- The Company's expectation that Other income plus Share of earnings from investments, at equity will in aggregate, be in a range of \$120 million to \$140 million in fiscal 2026, which assumes completion of pending real estate transactions by the Company and Share of earnings from investments, at equity being consistent with historical values adjusted for significant transactions and may be impacted by the timing and terms of completion of real estaterelated transactions and actual results from Crombie Real Estate Investment Trust ("Crombie REIT") and Real estate partners:
- The Company's expectations regarding the amount and timing of costs relating to the completion of the future Customer Fulfilment Center ("CFC"), which may be impacted by supply of materials and equipment, construction schedules and capacity of construction contractors;
- The Company's expectation regarding its ability to ensure competitive pricing for customers and pursue long-term growth, which may be impacted by supplier relationships and negotiations and the macro-economic environment;
- The Company's expectation and uncertainty that future imposition of tariffs by the United States and the risk of potential retaliatory tariffs by the Canadian government could create volatility in the Canadian economy, including higher future costs for importing goods potentially contributing to higher inflation if increased costs are passed to Canadian consumers, which may be impacted by the length of time tariffs are imposed, the extent of counter measures imposed by other countries, the changes in consumer behaviour, and the extent of the impacts on the supply chain;
- The Company's expectation of contributions to its registered defined benefit plans, which could be impacted by fluctuations in capital markets;
- The Company's expectation that its cash and cash equivalents on hand, together with unutilized aggregate credit facilities and cash generated from operating activities will enable the Company to fund future capital investments, pension plan contributions, working capital, current funded debt obligations and ongoing business requirements, and its belief that it has sufficient funding in place to meet these requirements and other short and long-term obligations, all of which could be impacted by changes in the macro-economic environment and operating results; and
- The Company's plans to purchase for cancellation Non-Voting Class A shares under the normal course issuer bid, which may be impacted by market and macro-economic conditions, availability of sellers, changes in laws and regulations, and operating results.

By its nature, forward-looking information requires the Company to make assumptions and is subject to inherent risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements made. For more information on risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may impact the Company's forward-looking statements, please refer to the Company's materials filed with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, including the "Risk Management" section of the fiscal 2025 annual MD&A.

Although the Company believes the predictions, forecasts, expectations or conclusions reflected in the forward-looking information are reasonable, it can provide no assurance that such matters will prove correct. Readers are urged to consider the risks, uncertainties and assumptions carefully in evaluating the forward-looking information and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking information. The forward-looking information in this document reflects the Company's current expectations and is subject to change. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements that may be made by or on behalf of the Company other than as required by applicable securities laws.

2 Overview of the Business

Empire's key businesses and financial results are segmented into two reportable segments: (i) Food retailing; and (ii) Investments and other operations. With approximately \$32 billion in annual sales and \$17 billion in assets, Empire and its subsidiaries, franchisees and affiliates employ approximately 129,000 people.

Empire's Food retailing segment is carried out through Sobeys, a wholly-owned subsidiary. Proudly Canadian, with headquarters in Stellarton, Nova Scotia, Sobeys has been serving the food shopping needs of Canadians since 1907. Sobeys owns, affiliates or franchises more than 1,600 stores in all 10 provinces under retail banners that include Sobeys, Safeway, IGA, Foodland, FreshCo, Thrifty Foods, Farm Boy, Longo's and Lawtons Drugs, operates grocery e-commerce under the banners Voilà, Voilà par IGA and ThriftyFoods.com, and operates and/or supplies more than 350 retail fuel locations.

2.1 Company Priorities

The Company is continuing to enhance data capabilities and deepen its understanding of its customers, allowing the Company to effectively capture emerging trends. The Company aims to grow total adjusted EPS over the long-term through net earnings growth and share repurchases. The Company intends to continue improving sales, gross margin (excluding fuel) and adjusted EBITDA margin by focusing on priorities such as:

Continued Focus on Stores:

Over recent years, the Company has accelerated investments in renovations, conversions, and new stores along with store processes, communications, training, technology and tools. Investing in the store network will remain a key priority, demonstrated by a sustained emphasis on renovations and continued new store expansion. The Own Brands program enhancement will remain a priority through increased distribution, product innovation and supporting Canadian suppliers.

The Company intends to invest capital in its store network and is on track with its plan to renovate approximately 20% to 25% of the network, which started in fiscal 2024 and continues through fiscal 2026. This capital investment includes important sustainability initiatives such as refrigeration system upgrades and other energy efficiency initiatives.

Enhanced Focus on Digital and Data:

The focus on digital and data will include continued e-commerce expansion, personalization and loyalty through Scene+ (see "Business Updates - E-Commerce" and "Business Updates - Scene+" for more information), improved space productivity and the continued improvement of promotional optimization. Space productivity will further enhance the customer experience by improving store layouts, optimizing category and product adjacencies and tailoring product assortment for each store. The advanced analytics tools built for promotional optimization will continue to be refined through the partnership between the advanced analytics team and category merchants. Enhancing digital and data capabilities will allow the Company to deliver personalized experiences to elevate its in-store and e-commerce experience for its customers. To further enhance our internal systems, the Company is currently transforming its legacy ERP environment by migrating to a national SAP S/4HANA ERP platform (see "Business Updates - Technology Platform" for more information).

Efficiency and Cost Control:

The Company has significantly improved its efficiency and cost effectiveness through sourcing efficiencies, optimizing supply chain productivity and improving systems and processes. The Company will continue to focus on driving efficiency and cost effectiveness through initiatives related to sourcing of goods not for resale, supply chain productivity and the organizational structure. The Company has implemented several cost savings initiatives in the Voilà business, including pausing the opening of its fourth CFC and ending its mutual exclusivity with Ocado and continues to pursue other cost saving initiatives.

2.2 Business Updates

E-Commerce

Voilà, the Company's online delivery business, has three active CFCs located in Toronto, Montreal and Calgary. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2024, the Company decided to pause the opening of its fourth CFC in Vancouver to focus efforts on driving volume and performance in its three active CFCs. Construction of the external building for the fourth CFC has been substantially completed with the internal work related to the grid build and robot commissioning not yet started. Once ecommerce penetration rates in Canada increase, the Company will be in a position to make a decision quickly on when it will proceed with the opening of its fourth CFC.

The Company has also taken actions to decrease costs and increase its flexibility to serve customers, including ending its mutual exclusivity agreement with Ocado before it was originally estimated to end. This resulted in a non-cash pre-tax charge related to ending the exclusivity of \$12 million during the first quarter of fiscal 2025. In fiscal 2025, the Company announced partnerships with Instacart and Uber Eats, providing customers with new ways to shop its stores online. The Company expanded these partnerships to Ontario, Western Canada, Quebec and Atlantic Canada, completing the national grocery rollout based on serviceable locations. These new partnerships complement Voilà by providing a full suite of delivery options for our customers across the marketplace platforms at many of the Company's banners such as Sobeys, Farm Boy, Longo's, FreshCo, Safeway, IGA, Foodland and Lawtons Drugs.

The actions that the Company has taken as outlined above had a positive impact on the e-commerce financial performance in fiscal 2025 and is expected to have an even greater benefit in fiscal 2026 and beyond. The Company is continuing to evaluate the e-commerce financial performance, and remains focused on pursuing strategic options to reduce costs and improve overall profitability. Voilà's future earnings will primarily be impacted by sales volume, with strong margins, operational efficiencies and cost discipline also serving as important drivers to manage financial performance. While the market penetration of Voilà continues to be strong, the size and growth of the Canadian grocery e-commerce market is smaller than anticipated, resulting in higher net earnings dilution.

In the quarter ended November 1, 2025, the Company's e-commerce platforms Voilà (including curbside pickup), IGA.net, ThriftyFoods.com and the partnerships with Instacart and Uber Eats, generated a combined sales increase of 81.2% compared to the same quarter in the prior year. The increase is primarily driven by contribution from the rollouts of the new partnerships in fiscal 2025 and continued sales growth of Voilà.

Technology Platform

The Company is currently implementing a significant transformation of its core business systems by migrating the legacy ERP system to a modern national SAP S/4HANA platform. This implementation is a strategic investment aimed at centralizing the Company's ERP system to streamline financial reporting, procurement, and supply chain operations. The upgraded system will provide improved real-time data visibility, improved automation, and enhanced analytics capabilities, supporting more agile decision-making across the organization. The project is progressing according to plan, with full deployment expected to be phased across the Company over the next two fiscal years.

Scene+

Along with Scotiabank and Cineplex, Empire is a co-owner of Scene+, one of Canada's leading loyalty programs. Scene+ has been rewarding customers in almost all of the Company's banners since launching in fiscal 2023. In that time, Scene+ has grown from 10 million to over 15 million members, while offering a breadth of rewards categories to its members, providing a strategic marketing and promotional tool for the Company.

The Company's key priority with Scene+ is to accelerate program engagement by focusing on personalization. By using machine learning and artificial intelligence algorithms, personalization recommendations will be improved, delivering the right message to the right customer at the right time, through the right channels.

FreshCo

Since fiscal 2018, the Company has been expanding its FreshCo discount banner to Western Canada and its significant growth has been driven by store conversions and regional expansion. The value proposition and strong multicultural assortment, along with the addition of the Scene+ loyalty program, has supported the growth and expansion of the Discount banner.

The Company opened two new FreshCo stores in Western Canada during the quarter. As at December 10, 2025, FreshCo has 51 stores operating in Western Canada and expects to open an additional three stores in fiscal 2026. The Company expects to have opened 65 FreshCo stores in Western Canada over the next several years.

Sustainable Business Reporting

Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") has deep roots in the Company's history, and the principles of ESG have been a part of the organization since the Company started over 118 years ago.

The Company published its 2025 Sustainable Business Report in July 2025, highlighting significant advancements in achieving its ESG objectives. This year's report demonstrates continued progress across the three pillars of its ESG framework: People, Planet, and Products. Notable achievements include: reducing greenhouse gas emissions in Scope 1 and 2 by 31% as part of the Company's science-based climate targets, donating approximately 30 million pounds of surplus food to local charities through partnerships with Second Harvest, raising and donating nearly \$25 million to support health and wellness, and further embedding Diversity, Equity and Inclusion ("DE&I") initiatives with 92% of Directors and above setting DE&I performance and accountability goals.

The Sustainable Business Council ("SBC") plays a critical role in overseeing the Company's sustainability initiatives. The SBC is a functional group of senior business leaders with sustainability mandates whose purpose is to foster collaboration on sustainability commitments, key initiatives, and reporting disclosures.

The Company remains focused on several key initiatives as part of its ongoing ESG journey, including expanding carbon reduction projects to meet Scope 1 and 2 climate targets, eliminating avoidable and hard-to-recycle plastics, fostering a fair, equitable, and inclusive environment, and integrating sustainable business mandates within performance management goals. These efforts underscore the Company's commitment to sustainability and its role in driving positive change for its stakeholders, business, and shareholders. We continue to assess potential Forest, Land and Agriculture ("FLAG") related targets for Scope 3, Category 1-purchased goods and services. We are collaborating with suppliers to collect the information required for FLAG emissions calculations and ensure we take a thoughtful approach.

3 Outlook

The objective of the Company is to grow total adjusted EPS over the long-term through net earnings and share purchases. The Company intends to continue improving sales, gross margin (excluding fuel) and adjusted EBITDA margin by focusing on priorities such as: a continued focus on stores (investing in renovations, new store expansion, and Own Brands program enhancement), an expanded focus on digital and data (through key strategic initiatives including e-commerce, Scene+, personalization, space productivity and promotional optimization), and driving efficiency and cost effectiveness through initiatives related to sourcing of goods not for resale, supply chain productivity and the organizational structure.

For fiscal 2026, capital spend is expected to be approximately \$850 million, with approximately half of this investment allocated to renovations and new store expansion (including a 1.5% increase in store footprint expansion from new stores), 25% allocated to IT and business development projects and the remainder allocated to logistics and sustainability. By the end of fiscal 2026, the Company expects to complete the network renovations of approximately 20% to 25%, which began in fiscal

During fiscal 2026, the Company expects aggregate pre-tax earnings from Other income plus Share of earnings from investments, at equity (both found in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Earnings), to be in the range of \$120 million to \$140 million (fiscal 2025 - \$158 million).

In the quarter ended November 1, 2025, the Company's internal food inflation continued to be below the Consumer Price Index for food purchased from stores and was largely in line with internal food inflation from the quarter ended August 2, 2025. The Company is focused on supplier relationships and negotiations to ensure competitive pricing for customers. The Company continues to be well positioned to pursue long-term growth despite the impacts of global economic uncertainties.

Continued uncertainty related to the timing and extent of imposition of future tariffs by the United States government and the risk of potential retaliatory tariffs by the Canadian government could create volatility in the Canadian economy, including higher future costs for importing goods, potentially contributing to higher inflation if increased costs are passed to Canadian consumers. The timing and duration of increased tariffs create financial uncertainty for Canadian companies, and may lead to potential job losses, reduced economic activity, and weakening confidence in the future, and could disrupt supplier relationships and the supply chain, and this may increase the volatility in the Company's operational results. The Company remains focused on promoting local and Canadian products and seeking alternate sources of supply outside of the United States.

Summary Results - Second Quarter 4

		Nov 1, 2025		Nov 2, 2024				Nov 1, 2025	١	Nov 2, 2024		
(in millions of Canadian dollars,		13		13		\$	%	26		26	\$	%
except per share amounts)	١	Veeks	١	Weeks		Change	Change	Weeks	١	Neeks	Change	Change
Sales	\$	7,995	\$	7,778	\$	217	2.8 %	\$ 16,253	\$	15,915	\$ 338	2.1 %
Gross profit		2,147		2,065		82	4.0 %	4,382		4,191	191	4.6 %
Operating income		295		319		(24)	(7.5)%	677		688	(11)	(1.6)%
Adjusted operating income ⁽¹⁾		295		319		(24)	(7.5)%	677		702	(25)	(3.6)%
EBITDA ⁽²⁾		583		601		(18)	(3.0)%	1,254		1,246	8	0.6 %
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾		583		601		(18)	(3.0)%	1,254		1,260	(6)	(0.5)%
Finance costs, net		64		74		(10)	(13.5)%	135		147	(12)	(8.2)%
Income tax expense		61		64		(3)	(4.7)%	142		131	11	8.4 %
Non-controlling interest		11		8		3	37.5 %	29		29	-	0.0 %
Net earnings ⁽³⁾		159		173		(14)	(8.1)%	371		381	(10)	(2.6)%
Adjusted net earnings(1)(2)(3)(4)		159		173		(14)	(8.1)%	371		392	(21)	(5.4)%
Basic earnings per share												
Net earnings ⁽³⁾	\$	0.69	\$	0.73	_	(0.04)	(5.5)%	\$		1.59	 	0.63 %
Adjusted net earnings(1)(3)(4)	\$	0.69	\$	0.73	\$	(0.04)	(5.5)%	\$ 1.60	\$	1.63	\$ (0.03)	(1.84)%
Basic weighted average number of												
shares outstanding (millions)		230.8		238.5		(7.7)	(3.2)%	231.7		240.4	(8.7)	(3.6)%
Diluted earnings per share												
Net earnings ⁽³⁾	\$	0.69	\$	0.73	\$	(0.04)	(5.5)%	\$ 1.60	\$	1.58	\$ 0.02	1.27 %
Adjusted net earnings(1)(3)(4)	\$	0.69	\$	0.73	\$	(0.04)	(5.5)%	\$ 1.60	\$	1.63	\$ (0.03)	(1.84)%
Diluted weighted average number												
of shares outstanding (millions)		231.4		239.1		(7.7)	(3.2)%	232.5		240.9	(8.4)	(3.5)%
Dividend per share	\$	0.22	\$	0.20	\$	0.02	10.0 %	\$ 0.44	\$	0.40	\$ 0.04	10.0 %

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	26 Weeks	26 Weeks
Gross margin ⁽²⁾	26.9 %	26.5 %	27.0 %	26.3 %
EBITDA margin ⁽²⁾	7.3 %	7.7 %	7.7 %	7.8 %
Adjusted EBITDA margin ⁽¹⁾	7.3 %	7.7 %	7.7 %	7.9 %
Same-store sales ⁽²⁾ growth	2.0 %	1.1 %	1.3 %	0.7 %
Same-store sales ⁽²⁾ growth - food ⁽⁵⁾	2.5 %	1.8 %	2.1 %	1.5 %
Same-store sales ⁽²⁾ decline - fuel	(5.5)%	(12.6)%	(9.7)%	(4.4)%
Effective income tax rate	26.4 %	26.1 %	26.2 %	24.2 %

⁽¹⁾ See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs and recoveries included.

 ⁽²⁾ See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.
 (3) Attributable to owners of the Company.

 ⁽⁴⁾ See "Adjusted Impacts on Net Earnings" section of this MD&A.
 (5) Previously named - same-store sales, excluding fuel.

Food Retailing

The following is a review of Empire's Food retailing segment's financial performance, comprising the consolidated results of Sobeys for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025.

The following financial information is Sobeys' contribution to Empire as the amounts are net of consolidated adjustments.

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024			Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		
	13	13	\$	%	26	26	\$	%
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	Weeks	Weeks	Change	Change	Weeks	Weeks	Change	Change
Sales	\$ 7,995	\$ 7,778	\$ 217	2.8 %	\$ 16,253	\$ 15,915	\$ 338	2.1 %
Gross profit	2,147	2,065	82	4.0 %	4,382	4,191	191	4.6 %
Operating income	278	291	(13)	(4.5)%	647	649	(2)	(0.3)%
Adjusted operating income ⁽¹⁾	278	291	(13)	(4.5)%	647	663	(16)	(2.4)%
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	566	573	(7)	(1.2)%	1,224	1,207	17	1.4 %
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	566	573	(7)	(1.2)%	1,224	1,221	3	0.2 %
Net earnings ⁽²⁾	148	151	(3)	(2.0)%	353	348	5	1.4 %
Adjusted net earnings(1)(2)	148	151	(3)	(2.0)%	353	359	(6)	(1.7)%

See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a reconciliation of the adjusted metrics presented in this table.

The following table provides a breakdown of the Company's total and same-store sales for the Food retailing segment:

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024				Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024			
	13	13		\$	%	26	26		\$	%
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	Weeks	Weeks	Chan	ıge	Change	Weeks	Weeks	Cha	inge	Change
Food sales	\$ 7,540	\$ 7,294	\$ 2	46	3.4 %	\$15,331	\$14,890	\$	441	3.0 %
Fuel sales	455	484	((29)	(6.0)%	922	1,025	((103)	(10.0)%
Same-store sales ⁽¹⁾ growth - food ⁽²⁾	2.5 %	1.8 %				2.1 %	1.5 %			
Same-store sales ⁽¹⁾ decline - fuel	(5.5)%	(12.6)%				(9.7)%	(4.4)%			

⁽¹⁾ See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.

Empire Company Limited Operating Results

Sales 4.2

Food sales for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 increased by 3.4% and 3.0%, respectively, primarily driven by positive growth across the business, particularly in the Full-Service banners, the Company's national wholesale distribution network, and in the Discount banner.

Fuel sales for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 decreased by 6.0% and 10.0%, respectively, primarily driven by lower fuel prices due to the removal of the government carbon tax.

4.3 Gross Profit

Gross profit for the guarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 increased by 4.0% and 4.6%, respectively, primarily driven by higher food sales, strong performance and operational discipline in Full-Service and Discount banners.

Gross margin for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 increased to 26.9% from 26.5% and increased to 27.0% from 26.3% in the prior year, respectively, primarily due to strong performance in Full-Service and Discount banners as a result of disciplined execution and targeted efficiencies in our stores, including initiatives aimed at inventory control and reducing shrink, and better promotional mix control, partially offset by the mix impact of higher wholesale distribution sales.

Excluding the mix impact of fuel sales, gross margin for the guarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 was 14 basis points and 39 basis points higher than in the prior year, respectively.

Attributable to owners of the Company.

Previously named - same-store sales, excluding fuel.

4.4 Operating Income

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	\$ Change	26 Weeks	26 Weeks	\$ Change
Food retailing	\$ 278	\$ 291	\$ (13)	\$ 647	\$ 649 \$	(2)
Investments and other operations:						
Crombie REIT	13	31	(18)	28	44	(16)
Real estate partnerships	2	2	-	4	5	(1)
Other operations, net of corporate expenses	2	(5)	7	(2)	(10)	8
Corporate expenses	_	(5)		(2)	` ,	
	17	28	(11)		39	(9)
Operating income	\$ 295	\$ 319	\$ (24)	\$ 677	\$ 688 \$	(11)
Adjustments:						
E-commerce Exclusivity ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	12	(12)
Restructuring ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	2	(2)
	-	-	-	-	14	(14)
Adjusted operating income ⁽²⁾	\$ 295	\$ 319	\$ (24)	\$ 677	\$ 702 \$	(25)

See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs and recoveries included.

For the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, operating income from the Food retailing segment decreased mainly due to higher selling and administrative expenses and an increase in depreciation and amortization, partially offset by higher sales and gross profit.

For the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, operating income from the Investments and other operations segment decreased primarily as a result of higher equity earnings from Crombie REIT in the prior year, driven by a remeasurement gain on a property.

4.5 EBITDA

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	\$ Change	26 Weeks	26 Weeks	\$ Change
EBITDA (1)	\$ 583	\$ 601	\$ (18)	\$ 1,254	\$ 1,246	\$ 8
Adjustments:						
E-commerce Exclusivity ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	12	(12)
Restructuring ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	2	(2)
	-	-	-	-	14	(14)
Adjusted EBITDA(1)(2)	\$ 583	\$ 601	\$ (18)	\$ 1,254	\$ 1,260	\$ (6)

See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.

For the quarter ended November 1, 2025, EBITDA decreased to \$583 million from \$601 million in the prior year mainly as a result of an increase in selling and administrative expenses and a decrease in equity earnings from Crombie REIT, partially offset by an increase in gross profit. Selling and administrative expenses increased mainly due to higher retail and supply chain labour costs, investments in stores, tools, technology, and projects, and continued investment in business expansion (Farm Boy and FreshCo), partially offset by lower incentive program expenses and accruals driven by a decrease in the share price. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to 7.3% (November 2, 2024 - 7.7%).

For the year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, EBITDA increased to \$1,254 million from \$1,246 million in the prior year mainly as a result of an increase in gross profit, partially offset by an increase in selling and administrative expenses and a decrease in equity earnings from Crombie REIT. Selling and administrative expenses increased mainly due to higher retail and supply chain labour costs, continued investment in business expansion (Farm Boy, FreshCo, and Voilà), and investments in stores, tools, technology, and projects, partially offset by lower incentive program expenses and accruals driven by a decrease in the share price. Adjusted EBITDA margin decreased to 7.7% (November 2, 2024 - 7.9%).

See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.

See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs and recoveries included.

Depreciation and Amortization

For the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, depreciation and amortization increased to \$288 million from \$282 million and increased to \$577 million from \$558 million, respectively, from the prior year mainly as a result of higher right-of-use asset deprecation associated with new lease agreements.

Finance Costs

For the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, net finance costs decreased by (13.5)% and (8.2)%, respectively, as a result of an increase in interest income on long-term receivables related to the settlement of a litigation matter (see section "10 Contingencies").

4.8 Income Taxes

For the guarter ended November 1, 2025, the effective income tax rate was 26.4% compared to 26.1% in the same guarter in the prior year. The effective tax rate was higher than the statutory rate primarily due to the revaluation of tax estimates, not all of which are recurring. The effective tax rate in the same quarter last year was lower than the statutory rate due to non-taxable capital items.

For the year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, the effective income tax rate was 26.2% compared to 24.2% in the prior year. The effective tax rate for the current year is slightly lower than the statutory rate primarily due to non-taxable capital items, partially offset by the revaluation of tax estimates, not all of which were recurring. For the prior year, the effective tax rate was lower than the statutory rate primarily due to non-taxable capital items and the revaluation of tax estimates, not all of which are recurring.

Net Earnings 4.9

(in millions of Canadian dollars,	Nov 1, 2025	N	lov 2, 2024		1	Nov 1, 2025	١	Nov 2, 2024	
except per share amounts)	13 Weeks		13 Weeks	\$ Change		26 Weeks		26 Weeks	\$ Change
Net earnings ⁽¹⁾	\$ 159	\$	173	\$ (14)	\$	371	\$	381	\$ (10)
EPS (fully diluted)	\$ 0.69	\$	0.73	\$ (0.04)	\$	1.60	\$	1.58	\$ 0.02
Adjustments ⁽²⁾ (net of income taxes):									
E-commerce Exclusivity(3)		-	-	-		-		9	(9)
Restructuring ⁽³⁾		-	-	-		-		2	(2)
		-	-	-		-		11	(11)
Adjusted net earnings(1)(4)(5)	\$ 159	\$	173	\$ (14)	\$	371	\$	392	\$ (21)
Adjusted EPS ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ (fully diluted)	\$ 0.69	\$	0.73	\$ (0.04)	\$	1.60	\$	1.63	\$ (0.03)
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding (in									
millions)	231.4	1	239.1	(7.7))	232.5		240.9	(8.4)

- Attributable to owners of the Company.
- Total adjustments for the quarter and year to date are net of income taxes of \$ nil and \$ nil (November 2, 2024 \$ nil and \$4 million), respectively.
- See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a description of the types of costs and recoveries included.
- See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A
- See "Adjusted Impacts on Net Earnings" section of this MD&A.

4.10 Adjusted Impacts on Net Earnings

In the first quarter of fiscal 2025, the Company took actions in its e-commerce business to decrease costs and increase its flexibility to serve customers, including ending its mutual exclusivity agreement with Ocado. The Company incurred a non-cash charge related to ending the exclusivity. The impact to net earnings for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 was \$ nil and \$ nil (November 2, 2024 - \$ nil and (\$9) million).

In the first guarter of fiscal 2024, Empire began to pursue strategies to optimize its organization, improve efficiencies and reduce costs including changes to its leadership team and organizational structure and the voluntary buyout of certain unionized employees (the "Restructuring"), and included this impact in adjusted earnings. The impact to net earnings for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 was \$ nil and \$ nil (November 2, 2024 - \$ nil and (\$2) million).

4.11 Investments and Other Operations

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	\$ Change	26 Weeks	26 Weeks	\$ Change
Crombie REIT	\$ 13	\$ 31	\$ (18)	\$ 28	\$ 44 \$	(16)
Real estate partnerships	2	2	-	4	5	(1)
Other operations, net of corporate						
expenses	2	(5)	7	(2)	(10)	8
Operating income	\$ 17	\$ 28	\$ (11)	\$ 30	\$ 39 \$	(9)

For the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, operating income from the Investments and other operations segment decreased primarily as a result of higher equity earnings from Crombie REIT in the prior year, driven by a remeasurement gain on a property.

5 **Quarterly Results of Operations**

-	Fiscal	202	26	Fiscal 2025								Fisca	1 20	24	
	Q2		Q1		Q4		Q3		Q2		Q1		Q4		Q3
(in millions of Canadian dollars, except per share	Nov 1, 2025		· ·		May 3, 2025	Feb 1, 2025			Nov 2, 2024		Aug 3, 2024		May 4, 2024		Feb 3, 2024
amounts)	 3 Weeks	13	Weeks	13	Weeks	13	Weeks	1:	3 Weeks	13	Weeks	13	3 Weeks	13	Weeks
Sales	\$ 7,995	\$	8,258	\$	7,637	\$	7,725	\$	7,778	\$	8,137	\$	7,412	\$	7,494
Operating income	295		382		313		288		319		369		292		250
Adjusted operating income ⁽¹⁾	295		382		313		288		319		383		298		275
EBITDA ⁽²⁾	583		671		599		564		601		645		557		522
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	583		671		599		564		601		659		563		547
Net earnings ⁽³⁾	159		212		173		146		173		208		149		134
Adjusted net earnings(1)(3)	159		212		173		146		173		219		154		153
Per share information, basic															
Net earnings ⁽³⁾	\$ 0.69	\$	0.91	\$	0.74	\$	0.62	_	0.73	\$	0.86	\$	0.61	\$	0.54
Adjusted net earnings ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	\$ 0.69	\$	0.91	\$	0.74	\$	0.62	\$	0.73	\$	0.90	\$	0.63	\$	0.62
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding (millions)	230.8		232.3		233.9		236.4		238.5		241.9		243.4		246.3
Per share information, diluted															
Net earnings ⁽³⁾	\$ 0.69	\$	0.91	\$	0.74	\$	0.62	\$	0.73	\$	0.86	\$	0.61	\$	0.54
Adjusted net earnings ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	\$ 0.69	\$	0.91	\$	0.74	\$	0.62	\$	0.73	\$	0.90	\$	0.63	\$	0.62
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding (millions)	231.4		233.4		234.8		237.2		239.1		242.3		243.7		246.8

See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A for a reconciliation of the adjusted metrics presented in the table.

Sales are affected by macro-economic factors impacting food retail prices, including fluctuations in inflation. Results are affected by seasonality, in particular during the summer months and over the holidays when retail sales trend higher and can result in stronger operating results. Sales, operating income, EBITDA and net earnings have all been influenced by the Company's strategic investment activities, the competitive environment, cost management initiatives, food prices and general industry trends, adjusted items, as well as other risk factors as outlined in the "Risk Management" section of the fiscal 2025 annual MD&A.

EBITDA is reconciled to net earnings for the current and comparable period in the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.

Attributable to owners of the Company.

Liquidity and Capital Resources 6

The table below highlights significant cash flow components for the relevant periods. For additional detail, please refer to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in the Company's unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the guarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025.

	No	ov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	1	3 Weeks	13 Weeks	26 Weeks	26 Weeks
Cash flows from operating activities	\$	404	\$ 386	\$ 830	\$ 905
Cash flows used in investing activities		(161)	(97)	(332)	(243)
Cash flows used in financing activities		(361)	(314)	(529)	(634)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash					
equivalents	\$	(118)	\$ (25)	\$ (31)	\$ 28

Operating Activities

Cash flows from operating activities for the quarter ended November 1, 2025 increased versus prior year primarily as a result of favourable working capital changes, partially offset by an increase in income taxes paid. The working capital changes are impacted primarily by changes in inventory and accounts payable and accrued liabilities compared to the prior year.

Cash flows from operating activities for the year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 decreased versus prior year primarily as a result of unfavourable working capital changes which are impacted primarily by changes in inventory compared to the prior year.

Investing Activities

The table below outlines details of investing activities for the relevant periods:

	Nov 1, 20	25 N	ov 2, 2024	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 Week	s 1	13 Weeks	26 Weeks	26 Weeks
Increase in equity investments	\$	(7) \$	(13)	\$ (15)	\$ (14)
Acquisitions of property, equipment, investment property and intangibles	(204)	(142)	(397)	(366)
Proceeds on disposal of assets ⁽¹⁾ and lease modifications and terminations		10	26	33	108
Leases and other receivables, net		24	5	15	6
Other assets		1	10	(5)	(8)
Other liabilities		(5)	(2)	(5)	(1)
Business acquisitions		(3)	(5)	(5)	(15)
Payments received for finance subleases		22	24	45	46
Interest received		1	-	2	1
Cash flows used in investing activities	\$ (161) \$	(97)	\$ (332)	\$ (243)

Proceeds on disposal of assets include property, equipment and investment property.

Cash used in investing activities for the quarter ended November 1, 2025 increased versus prior year primarily due to an increase in capital investments and intangibles and a decrease in proceeds on disposal of assets in the current year.

Cash used in investing activities for the year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 increased versus prior year primarily due to a decrease in proceeds on disposal of assets and an increase in capital investments and intangibles, partially offset by a decrease in business acquisitions.

Capital Expenditures

The Company invested \$205 million and \$343 million in capital expenditures⁽¹⁾ for the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025 (November 2, 2024 - \$149 million and \$301 million), respectively including renovations and construction of new stores, investments in advanced analytics technology and other technology systems.

In fiscal 2026, capital expenditures are expected to be approximately \$850 million, with approximately 50% of this investment allocated to store renovations and new store expansion (including a 1.5% increase in store footprint expansion from new stores), 25% on IT projects and business development projects and the remainder on logistics and sustainability. By the end of fiscal 2026, the Company expects to complete the network renovations of approximately 20% to 25%, which began in fiscal 2024.

Capital expenditures are calculated on an accrual basis and includes acquisitions of property, equipment and investment properties, and additions to intangibles.

6.4 Store Network Activity and Square Footage

The table below outlines details of investments by Sobeys in its store network:

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
(Number of stores)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	26 Weeks	26 Weeks
Opened/relocated/acquired ⁽¹⁾	5	2	7	13
Opened - FreshCo ⁽²⁾	1	-	3	1
Opened - Farm Boy	-	1	-	2
Closed ⁽¹⁾	4	19	13	26
Closed - pending conversion to Farm Boy	1	-	2	1

Total impact excluding the opened Farm Boy and FreshCo sites as part of ongoing expansion.

The following table shows Sobeys' square footage changes:

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
Square feet (in thousands)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks
Opened	115	67
Closed	(85)	(205)
Net change before the impact of the expansion of Farm Boy and FreshCo	30	(138)
Opened - FreshCo ⁽¹⁾	12	-
Opened - Farm Boy	-	30
Closed - pending conversion to Farm Boy	(22)	-
Net change	20	(108)

Specific to converted Western Canada FreshCo stores, net of Safeway and Sobeys closures.

At November 1, 2025, the Company's retail space totalled 43.1 million square feet, a 0.5% increase compared to 42.9 million square feet at November 2, 2024.

6.5 Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities for the quarter ended November 1, 2025, increased versus prior year mainly due to repayments on the revolving credit facility agreement (compared to advances on revolving credit facilities in the prior year), partially offset by an increase in issuance of long-term debt and lower cost of repurchase of common shares in the current

Cash used in financing activities for the year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, decreased versus prior year primarily due to an increase in issuance of long-term debt and lower cost of repurchase of common shares, partially offset by a decrease in advances on non-revolving credit facility and an increase in repayments on revolving credit facilities, net in the current year.

Specific to converted Western Canada FreshCo stores, net of Safeway and Sobeys closures.

6.6 Free Cash Flow

Management uses free cash flow as a measure to assess the amount of cash available for debt repayment, dividend payments and other investing and financing activities.

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	\$ Change	26 Weeks	26 Weeks	\$ Change
Cash flows from operating activities Add:	\$ 404	\$ 386	\$ 18	\$ 830	\$ 905 \$	(75)
Proceeds on disposal of assets ⁽¹⁾ and lease modifications and terminations	10	26	(16)	33	108	(75)
Less:			(10)		.00	(. 5)
Interest paid	(18)	(15)	(3)	(29)	(27)	(2)
Payments of lease liabilities, net of payments received for finance subleases	(187)	(179)	(8)	(369)	(357)	(12)
Acquisitions of property, equipment, investment property and intangibles	(204)	(142)		(397)	(366)	(31)
Free cash flow ⁽²⁾	\$ 5	\$ 76	\$ (71)	\$ 68	\$ 263 \$	(195)

Proceeds on disposal of assets include property, equipment and investment property.

For the quarter ended November 1, 2025, free cash flow decreased versus prior year primarily as a result of higher capital investments and intangibles, lower proceeds on disposal of assets and lease modifications and terminations partially offset by an increase in cash flows from operating activities, driven by changes in inventory and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

For the year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, free cash flow decreased versus prior year primarily as a result of a decrease in proceeds on disposal of assets and lease modifications and terminations, a decrease in cash flows from operating activities driven by changes in inventory and an increase in capital investments and intangibles.

6.7 **Employee Future Benefit Obligations**

For the quarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, the Company contributed \$2 million and \$4 million (November 2, 2024 - \$5 million and \$10 million), respectively to its registered defined benefit plans. The Company expects to contribute approximately \$8 million to these plans in fiscal 2026.

See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.

7 **Consolidated Financial Condition**

Key Financial Condition Measures

(in millions of Canadian dollars, except per share and ratio calculations)	No	ov 1, 2025	May 3, 2025	ı	Nov 2, 2024
Shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest	\$	5,497	\$ 5,410	\$	5,404
Book value per common share ⁽¹⁾	\$	23.82	\$ 23.13	\$	22.66
Long-term debt, including current portion	\$	1,269	\$ 1,082	\$	1,204
Long-term lease liabilities, including current portion	\$	6,341	\$ 6,382	\$	6,320
Funded debt to total capital ⁽¹⁾		58.1%	58.0%		58.2%
Funded debt to adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		3.1x	3.1x		3.2x
Adjusted EBITDA to interest expense ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾		8.2x	8.2x		8.2x
Trailing four-quarter adjusted EBITDA	\$	2,417	\$ 2,423	\$	2,370
Trailing four-quarter interest expense	\$	295	\$ 295	\$	290
Current assets to current liabilities		0.9x	0.8x		0.8x
Total assets	\$	17,203	\$ 17,019	\$	16,863
Total non-current financial liabilities	\$	7,615	\$ 7,379	\$	7,497

- See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics" section of this MD&A.
- Calculation uses trailing four-quarter adjusted EBITDA.
- Calculation uses trailing four-quarter adjusted EBITDA and interest expense.

Sobeys' credit ratings for both Morningstar DBRS ("DBRS") and S&P Global ("S&P") remained unchanged from the prior quarter. The following table shows Sobeys' credit ratings as at December 10, 2025:

Rating Agency	Credit Rating (Issuer rating)	Trend/Outlook
DBRS	BBB	Stable
S&P	BBB-	Stable

On October 30, 2025, Sobeys issued through a private placement Series 2025-1 senior unsecured notes ("the Notes") in the aggregate principal amount of \$300 million, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 3.10%, due October 30, 2028. Interest is payable semi-annually beginning April 2026. As of November 1, 2025, the outstanding amount of the Notes was \$300 million. The Notes are redeemable at Sobeys' option, in whole or in part, at any time. The redemption price will equal the greater of the Canada Yield Price or par value, plus accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. The net proceeds were used to repay indebtedness outstanding under the Sobeys' revolving term credit facility, and for general corporate purposes.

On June 21, 2024, Sobeys established a senior, unsecured non-revolving term credit facility for \$120 million with a maturity date of June 20, 2025. On June 18, 2025, Sobeys amended the facility to extend the maturity by one year. This facility will now mature June 19, 2026. All other terms of the facility are unchanged. Interest payable on this facility fluctuates with changes in the Canadian prime rate or Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average ("CORRA"). The facility was fully utilized on June 21, 2024, with the proceeds used to refinance amounts owing under its existing credit facility. As of November 1, 2025, the outstanding amount of the facility was \$120 million (November 2, 2024 - \$120 million).

Sobeys, through its acquisition of Longo's, has an operating line of credit which was amended from \$100 million to \$115 million on March 25, 2025. As of November 1, 2025, the outstanding amount of the facility was \$69 million (November 2, 2024 - \$71 million). Interest payable on this facility fluctuates with changes in the Canadian prime rate.

Empire has a \$150 million senior, unsecured revolving term credit facility with a maturity date of November 4, 2027. As of November 1, 2025, the outstanding amount of the credit facility was \$28 million (November 2, 2024 - \$29 million). Interest payable on this facility fluctuates with changes in the Canadian prime rate or CORRA.

Sobeys has a \$650 million senior, unsecured revolving term credit facility with a maturity date of November 4, 2027. As of November 1, 2025, the outstanding amount of the facility was \$142 million (November 2, 2024 - \$390 million) and Sobeys has issued \$73 million in letters of credit against the facility (November 2, 2024 - \$53 million). Interest payable on this facility fluctuates with changes in the Canadian prime rate or CORRA.

The Company believes its cash and cash equivalents on hand as of November 1, 2025, together with approximately \$603 million in unutilized, aggregate credit facilities and cash generated from operating activities will enable the Company to fund future capital investments, pension plan contributions, working capital, current funded debt obligations and ongoing business requirements. The Company also believes it has sufficient funding in place to meet these requirements and other short and long-term financial obligations. The Company mitigates potential liquidity risk by ensuring its sources of funds are diversified by term to maturity and source of credit.

7.2 Shareholders' Equity

The Company's share capital was comprised of the following:

	Number of Shares		
Authorized	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	
2002 Preferred shares, par value of \$25 each, issuable in series as a class	991,980,000	991,980,000	
Non-Voting Class A shares, without par value	721,121,212	728,651,828	
Class B common shares, without par value, voting	122,400,000	122,400,000	

The Company's issued and outstanding shares are as follows:

	Nu	ımber of Share	es	Share Capital					
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	Nov 1, 2025	May 3, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	Nov 1, 2025	May 3, 2025	Nov 2, 2024			
Non-Voting Class A shares	132,008,024	134,488,019	138,839,826	\$ 1,628	\$ 1,654	\$ 1,709			
Class B common shares	98,138,079	98,138,079	98,138,079	7	7	7			
Shares held in trust	(20,980)	(38,341)	(38,280)	(1)	(1)	(1)			
Total capital stock				\$ 1,634	\$ 1,660	\$ 1,715			

The Company's share capital is shown in the table below:

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
(Number of shares)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks
Non-Voting Class A shares		
Issued and outstanding, beginning of period	133,321,755	141,676,553
Issued during period	25,404	94,273
Purchased for cancellation	(1,339,135)	(2,931,000)
Issued and outstanding, end of period	132,008,024	138,839,826
Shares held in trust, beginning of period	(20,954)	(38,199)
Purchased for future settlement of equity settled plans	(26)	(81)
Shares held in trust, end of period	(20,980)	(38,280)
Issued and outstanding, net of shares held in trust, end of period	131,987,044	138,801,546
Class B common shares		
Issued and outstanding, beginning and end of period	98,138,079	98,138,079

During the guarter and year-to-date ended November 1, 2025, the Company paid common dividends of \$50 million and \$100 million (November 2, 2024 - \$48 million and \$96 million), respectively, to its common shareholders. This represents a payment of \$0.22 and \$0.44 per share (November 2, 2024 - \$0.20 and \$0.40 per share) for common shareholders.

As at December 9, 2025, the Company had Non-Voting Class A and Class B common shares outstanding of 131,369,145 and 98,138,079, respectively. Options to acquire 2,178,740 Non-Voting Class A shares were outstanding as of November 1, 2025 (November 2, 2024 - 4,389,553). As at December 9, 2025, options to acquire 2,175,604 Non-Voting Class A shares were outstanding (December 10, 2024 - 4,371,911).

Normal Course Issuer Bid ("NCIB")

Under the NCIB with the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") from July 2, 2024 to July 1, 2025, the Company purchased 9,956,481 (July 1, 2024 - 10,004,868) Non-Voting Class A shares at a weighted average price of \$42.34 (July 1, 2024 -\$35.31) for a total consideration of \$422 million (July 1, 2024 - \$353 million).

On June 18, 2025, the Company renewed its NCIB by filing a notice of intention with the TSX to purchase for cancellation up to 11,500,000 Non-Voting Class A shares representing approximately 9.6% of the public float of 120,095,524. The Company believes that repurchasing shares at the prevailing market prices from time to time is a worthwhile use of funds and in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders. Purchases under the renewed NCIB may commence on July 2, 2025 and shall terminate no later than July 1, 2026. As of November 1, 2025, the Company purchased 1,802,135 Non-Voting Class A shares (November 2, 2024 - 4,228,000) under this filing at a weighted average price of \$53.21 (November 2, 2024 - \$37.90) for a total consideration of \$96 million (November 2, 2024 - \$160 million).

The Company intends to repurchase up to \$400 million of Non-Voting Class A shares in fiscal 2026. Shares purchased are shown in the table below:

(in millions of Canadian dollars, except per share	lov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
amounts)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	26 Weeks	26 Weeks
Number of shares	1,339,135	2,931,000	2,849,577	5,206,975
Weighted average price per share	\$ 52.28	\$ 38.70	\$ 52.65	\$ 37.04
Cash consideration paid	\$ 70	\$ 113	\$ 150	\$ 193

For the quarter ended November 1, 2025, the Company has recognized tax on the repurchase of equity of \$3 million (November 2, 2024 - \$6 million) as a charge to retained earnings on the unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Fiscal year-to-date, as at December 9, 2025, the Company has purchased for cancellation 3,745,077 Non-Voting Class A shares (December 6, 2024 - 5,689,375) at weighted average price of \$52.12 (December 6, 2024 - \$37.38) for a total consideration of \$195 million (December 6, 2024 - \$213 million).

8 Accounting Standards and Policies

The unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements were prepared using the same accounting policies as disclosed in the Company's audited annual Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended May 3, 2025.

Standards, Amendments and Interpretations Issued but not yet Adopted

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures ("IFRS 7")

In May 2024, IASB issued limited amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7. These amendments provide clarity on the timing of recognition and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities, the assessment of contractual cash flow characteristics, and the resulting classification and disclosure of financial assets with environmental, social, and governance linked or other contingent features. Additionally, the amendments clarify that a financial liability is derecognized on the settlement date, with the accounting policy choice to derecognize financial liability settled using an electronic payment system before the settlement date, provided specific conditions are met. Additional disclosures are required for financial instruments with contingent features and investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income with these amendments.

These amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. Early adoption is permitted, with an option to early adopt only the amendments to the classification of financial assets. The Company is assessing the potential impact of these amendments.

IFRS 18 Presentation and disclosure in financial statements ("IFRS 18")

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18 which replaces IAS 1. IFRS 18 introduces new requirements to improve the reporting of financial performance and give investors a better basis for analyzing and comparing companies. Specifically, it introduces:

- three defined categories for income and expenses (operating, investing and financing) and requiring companies to provide new defined subtotals, including operating profit;
- enhanced transparency of management-defined performance measures requiring companies to disclose explanations of those company-specific measures related to the statement of earnings; and
- enhanced guidance on how companies group information in the financial statements, including guidance on whether information is included in the financial statements or is included in the notes.

IFRS 18 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The Company is assessing the potential impact of this new standard.

8.2 Critical Accounting Estimates

Critical accounting estimates used by the Company's management are discussed in detail in the fiscal 2025 annual MD&A.

8.3 Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Company, which includes the President & Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and Internal Control over Financial Reporting ("ICFR"), as those terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109, "Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings". The control framework management used to design and assess the effectiveness of ICFR is "Internal Control Integrated Framework (2013)" published by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

There have been no changes in the Company's ICFR during the quarter ending November 1, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's ICFR.

9 **Related Party Transactions**

The Company enters into related party transactions with Crombie REIT and key management personnel, including ongoing leases and property management agreements. As at November 1, 2025, the Company holds a 41.5% (November 2, 2024 -41.5%) ownership interest in Crombie REIT and accounts for its investment using the equity method.

Crombie REIT has instituted a distribution reinvestment plan ("DRIP") whereby Canadian resident REIT unitholders may elect to automatically have their distributions reinvested in additional REIT units. The Company has enrolled in the DRIP to maintain its economic and voting interest in Crombie REIT.

During the quarter ended August 2, 2025, Sobeys through wholly-owned subsidiaries, engaged in a lease modification transaction with Crombie REIT. The lease modification gives Crombie REIT the right to terminate the lease on a property for redevelopment in the future. Proceeds from this transaction were \$16 million which resulted in pre-tax income of \$10 million and has been recognized in other income on the unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings.

10 Contingencies

On June 21, 2005, Sobeys received a notice of reassessment from Canada Revenue Agency ("CRA") for fiscal years 1999 and 2000 related to Lumsden Brothers Limited, a wholesale subsidiary of Sobeys, and the Goods and Service Tax ("GST"). The reassessment related to GST on sales of tobacco products to eligible Indigenous peoples. CRA asserted that Sobeys was obliged to collect GST on sales of tobacco products to eligible Indigenous peoples. The total tax, interest and penalties in the reassessment was \$14 million. Sobeys reviewed this matter, received legal advice, and believed it was not required to collect GST. During fiscal 2006, Sobeys filed a Notice of Objection with CRA. Sobeys had deposited with CRA funds equal to the total tax, interest and penalties in the reassessment and had recorded this amount as an other long-term receivable from CRA pending resolution of the matter. During the year ended May 4, 2024, the court ruled in favour of Sobeys, however the Crown had filed a Notice of Appeal and the hearing was held in May 2024. In October 2025, the Federal Court of Appeal ruled in favour of Sobeys and dismissed the Crown's appeal. For the period ended November 1, 2025, Sobeys recorded a recovery of \$8 million related to the interest earned on the amounts deposited with CRA, net of costs associated with settling the matter, which has been recognized in finance costs, net on the Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Earnings. Sobeys reclassified the \$14 million deposit from other long-term receivables to accounts receivable.

Risk Management

Risk and uncertainties related to economic and industry factors and the Company's management of risk are discussed in detail in the fiscal 2025 annual MD&A.

12 Designation for Eligible Dividends

"Eligible dividends" receive favourable treatment for income tax purposes. To be considered an eligible dividend, a dividend must be designated as such at the time of payment.

Empire has, in accordance with the administrative position of Canada Revenue Agency, included the appropriate language on its website to designate the dividends paid by Empire as eligible dividends unless otherwise designated.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures & Financial Metrics

There are measures and metrics included in this MD&A that do not have a standardized meaning under generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and therefore may not be comparable to similarly titled measures and metrics presented by other publicly traded companies. Management believes that certain of these measures and metrics, including gross profit and EBITDA, are important indicators of the Company's ability to generate liquidity through operating cash flow to fund future working capital requirements, service outstanding debt and fund future capital expenditures and uses these metrics for these purposes.

In addition, management presents adjusted measures and metrics, including operating income, EBITDA and net earnings in an effort to provide investors and analysts with a more comparable year-over-year performance metric than the basic measure by excluding certain items. These items may impact the analysis of trends in performance and affect the comparability of the Company's core financial results. By excluding these items, management is not implying they are non-recurring.

13.1 Financial Measures

The intent of non-GAAP financial measures is to provide additional useful information to investors and analysts. Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation or used as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company's definitions of the non-GAAP terms included in this MD&A are as follows:

- The E-commerce Exclusivity adjustment includes the impact of the early termination of the mutual exclusivity agreement with Ocado, resulting in a non-cash charge related to the impairment of an intangible asset.
- The Restructuring adjustment includes costs incurred to plan and implement strategies to optimize the organization and improve efficiencies, including severance, professional fees and voluntary labour buyouts.
- In the second quarter of fiscal 2023, Empire experienced IT system issues related to a Cybersecurity Event. The Cybersecurity Event adjustment includes the impact of incremental direct costs such as inventory shrink, hardware and software restoration costs, legal and professional fees, labour costs and insurance recoveries. Management believes that the Cybersecurity Event adjustment results in a useful economic representation of the underlying business on a comparative basis. The adjustment does not include management's estimate of the full financial impact of the Cybersecurity Event, as it excludes the net earnings impacts related to the estimated decline in sales and operational effectiveness from impacts such as the temporary loss of advanced planning, promotion and fresh item management tools, the temporary closure of pharmacies, and customers' temporary inability to redeem gift cards and loyalty points.
- Gross profit is calculated as sales less cost of sales. Management believes cost of sales is a useful metric to monitor profitability on a product-level basis. Gross profit represents a supplementary metric to assess underlying operating performance and profitability.

The following table reconciles gross profit on a consolidated basis:

	1	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		Nov 1, 2025		Nov 2, 2024	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)		13 Weeks		13 Weeks		26 Weeks		26 Weeks
Sales	\$	7,995	\$	7,778	\$	16,253	\$	15,915
Cost of sales		5,848		5,713		11,871		11,724
Gross profit	\$	2,147	\$	2,065	\$	4,382	\$	4,191

- Adjusted operating income is operating income excluding certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These items are excluded to allow for better period over period comparison of ongoing operating results. Adjusted operating income is reconciled to operating income in its respective subsection of the "Summary Results - Second Quarter".
- EBITDA is calculated as net earnings before finance costs (net of finance income), income tax expense, depreciation and amortization of intangibles. Management believes EBITDA represents a supplementary metric to assess profitability and measure the Company's underlying ability to generate liquidity through operating cash flows.

The following table reconciles net earnings to EBITDA on a consolidated basis and for the Food retailing segment:

	No	vember 1, 20 13 Weeks	25	November 2, 2024 13 Weeks					
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	Food retailing	Investment and other operations	•	Food retailing	Investment and other operations	Total			
Net earnings	\$ 160	\$ 10	\$ 170	\$ 162 \$	\$ 19 \$	181			
Income tax expense	55	6	61	56	8	64			
Finance costs, net	63	1	64	73	1	74			
Operating income	278	17	295	291	28	319			
Depreciation	259	-	259	253	-	253			
Amortization of intangibles	29	-	29	29	-	29			
EBITDA	\$ 566	\$ 17	\$ 583	\$ 573 \$	\$ 28 \$	601			

		ember 1, 20 26 Weeks	25	November 2, 2024 26 Weeks					
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	Food retailing	Investment and other operations		Food retailing		•			
Net earnings	\$ 383 \$	17	\$ 400	\$ 380	\$ 30	\$ 410			
Income tax expense	131	11	142	124	7	131			
Finance costs, net	133	2	135	145	2	147			
Operating income	647	30	677	649	39	688			
Depreciation	517	-	517	499	-	499			
Amortization of intangibles	60	-	60	59	-	59			
EBITDA	\$ 1,224 \$	30	\$ 1,254	\$ 1,207	\$ 39	\$ 1,246			

- Adjusted EBITDA is EBITDA excluding certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These items are excluded to allow for better period over period comparison of ongoing operating results. Adjusted EBITDA is reconciled to EBITDA in its respective subsection of the "Summary Results - Second Quarter" section.
- Management calculates interest expense as interest expense on financial liabilities measured at amortized cost and interest expense on lease liabilities. Management believes that interest expense represents a true measure of the Company's debt service expense, without the offsetting finance income.

The following table reconciles finance costs, net to interest expense:

	Nov	1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 V	Veeks	13 Weeks	26 Weeks	26 Weeks
Finance costs, net	\$	64	\$ 74	\$ 135	\$ 147
Plus: finance income, excluding interest income on lease receivables		12	2	16	4
Less: pension finance costs, net		(2)	(2)	(4)	(4)
Less: accretion expense on provisions		-	-	(1)	(1)
Interest expense	\$	74	\$ 74	\$ 146	\$ 146

- Adjusted net earnings is net earnings, net of non-controlling interest, excluding certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These items are excluded to allow for better period over period comparison of ongoing operating results. Adjusted net earnings is reconciled in its respective subsection of the "Summary Results - Second Quarter" section.
- Adjusted EPS (fully diluted) is calculated as adjusted net earnings divided by diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding.
- Free cash flow is calculated as cash flows from operating activities, plus proceeds on disposal of property, equipment and investment property and lease modifications and terminations, less acquisitions of property, equipment, investment property and intangibles, interest paid and payments of lease liabilities, net of payments received from finance subleases. Management uses free cash flow as a measure to assess the amount of cash available for debt repayment, dividend payments and other investing and financing activities. Free cash flow is reconciled to GAAP measures as reported on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and is presented in the "Free Cash Flow" section of this MD&A.
- Funded debt is all interest-bearing debt, which includes bank loans, notes payable, credit facilities and lease liabilities. Management believes that funded debt represents the most relevant indicator of the Company's total financial obligations on which interest payments are made.
- Total capital is calculated as funded debt plus shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest.

The following table reconciles the Company's funded debt and total capital to GAAP measures:

(in millions of Canadian dollars)	Nov 1, 2025	May 3, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
Long-term debt due within one year	\$ 215	\$ 225	\$ 211
Long-term debt	1,054	857	993
Lease liabilities due within one year	556	597	586
Long-term lease liabilities	5,785	5,785	5,734
Funded debt	7,610	7,464	\$ 7,524
Total shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest	5,497	5,410	5,404
Total capital	\$ 13,107	\$ 12,874	\$ 12,928

13.2 Food Retailing Segment Adjustments Reconciliation

The following tables adjust Empire's Food retailing segment operating income, EBITDA and net earnings, net of non-controlling interest, for certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These items are excluded to allow for better period over period comparison of ongoing operating results.

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	\$ Change	26 Weeks	26 Weeks	\$ Change
Operating income	\$ 278	\$ 291	\$ (13)	\$ 647	\$ 649 \$	(2)
Adjustments:						
E-commerce Exclusivity	-	-	-	-	12	(12)
Restructuring	-	-	-	-	2	(2)
Adjusted operating income	\$ 278	\$ 291	\$ (13)	\$ 647	\$ 663 \$	(16)

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	\$ Change	26 Weeks	26 Weeks	\$ Change
EBITDA	\$ 566	\$ 573	\$ (7)	\$ 1,224	\$ 1,207 \$	17
Adjustments:						_
E-commerce Exclusivity	-	-	-	-	12	(12)
Restructuring	-	-	-	-	2	(2)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 566	\$ 573	\$ (7)	\$ 1,224	\$ 1,221 \$	3

	Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024		Nov 1, 2025	Nov 2, 2024	
(in millions of Canadian dollars)	13 Weeks	13 Weeks	\$ Change	26 Weeks	26 Weeks	\$ Change
Net earnings	\$ 148	\$ 151	\$ (3)	\$ 353	\$ 348 \$	5
Adjustments:						
E-commerce Exclusivity	-	-	-	-	9	(9)
Restructuring	-	-	-	-	2	(2)
Adjusted net earnings	\$ 148	\$ 151	\$ (3)	\$ 353	\$ 359 \$	(6)

13.3 Quarterly Results of Operations Adjustment Reconciliation

The following tables adjust Empire's operating income, EBITDA, and net earnings, net of non-controlling interest, for certain items to better analyze trends in performance. These items are excluded to allow for better period over period comparison of ongoing operating results.

	Fiscal 2026						Fiscal 2025							Fiscal 2024			
	Q2 Q1		Q1	Q4 Q3 Q2 (Q1		Q4		Q3				
(in millions of Canadian		Nov 1, 2025	Aug 2, 2025		May 3, 2025		Feb 1, 2025		Nov 2, 2024		Aug 3, 2024		May 4, 2024		Feb 3, 2024		
dollars)	1	3 Weeks	13	Weeks	13	Weeks	1	3 Weeks	13	Weeks							
Operating income	\$	295	\$	382	\$	313	\$	288	\$	319	\$	369	\$	292	\$	250	
Adjustments:																	
E-commerce Exclusivity		-		-		-		-		-		12		-		-	
Restructuring		-		-		-		-		-		2		20		25	
Cybersecurity Event		-		-		-		-		-		-		(14)		-	
		-		-		-		-		-		14		6		25	
Adjusted operating income	\$	295	\$	382	\$	313	\$	288	\$	319	\$	383	\$	298	\$	275	
Operating income	\$	295	\$	382	\$	313	\$	288	\$	319	\$	369	\$	292	\$	250	
Depreciation		259		258		255		248		253		246		235		241	
Amortization of intangibles		29		31		31		28		29		30		30		31	
EBITDA	\$	583	\$	671	\$	599	\$	564	\$	601	\$	645	\$	557	\$	522	
Adjustments:																	
E-commerce Exclusivity		-		-		-		-		-		12		-		-	
Restructuring		-		-		-		-		-		2		20		25	
Cybersecurity Event		-		-		-		-		-		-		(14)		-	
		-		-		-		-		-		14		6		25	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	583	\$	671	\$	599	\$	564	\$	601	\$	659	\$	563	\$	547	
Net earnings	\$	159	\$	212	\$	173	\$	146	\$	173	\$	208	\$	149	\$	134	
Adjustments:																	
E-commerce Exclusivity		-		-		-		-		-		9		-		-	
Restructuring		-		-		-		-		-		2		15		19	
Cybersecurity Event		-		-		-		-		-		-		(10)		-	
		-		-		-		-		-		11		5		19	
Adjusted net earnings	\$	159	\$	212	\$	173	\$	146	\$	173	\$	219	\$	154	\$	153	

13.4 Financial Metrics

The intent of the following non-GAAP financial metrics is to provide additional useful information to investors and analysts. Management uses financial metrics for decision-making, internal reporting, budgeting and forecasting. The Company's definitions of the metrics included in this MD&A are as follows:

- Same-store sales are sales from stores in the same location in both reporting periods. Management believes samestore sales represents a supplementary metric to assess sales trends as it removes the effect of the opening and closure of stores.
- Gross margin is gross profit divided by sales. Management believes that gross margin is an important indicator of profitability and can help management, analysts and investors assess the competitive landscape and promotional environment of the industry in which the Company operates. An increasing percentage indicates lower cost of sales as a percentage of sales.
- EBITDA margin is EBITDA divided by sales. Management believes that EBITDA margin is an important indicator of performance and can help management, analysts and investors assess the competitive landscape, promotional environment and cost structure of the industry in which the Company operates. An increasing percentage indicates higher EBITDA as a percentage of sales.

- Adjusted EBITDA margin is adjusted EBITDA divided by sales. Management believes that adjusted EBITDA margin is an important indicator of performance and can help management, analysts and investors assess the competitive landscape, promotional environment and cost structure of the industry in which the Company operates. An increasing percentage indicates higher adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of sales.
- Funded debt to total capital ratio is funded debt divided by total capital. Management believes that the funded debt to total capital ratio represents a measure upon which the Company's changing capital structure can be analyzed over time. An increasing ratio would indicate that the Company is using an increasing amount of debt in its capital structure.
- Funded debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is funded debt divided by trailing four-quarter adjusted EBITDA. Management uses this ratio to partially assess the financial condition of the Company. An increasing ratio would indicate that the Company is utilizing more debt per dollar of adjusted EBITDA generated.
- Adjusted EBITDA to interest expense ratio is trailing four-quarter adjusted EBITDA divided by trailing four-quarter interest expense. Management uses this ratio to partially assess the coverage of its interest expense on financial obligations. An increasing ratio would indicate that the Company is generating more adjusted EBITDA per dollar of interest expense, resulting in greater interest coverage.
- Book value per common share is shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest, divided by total common shares outstanding.

The following table shows the calculation of Empire's book value per common share:

(in millions of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)	Nov	1 , 2025	May 3, 2025	Nov 2, 2024
Shareholders' equity, net of non-controlling interest	\$	5,497	\$ 5,410	\$ 5,404
Shares outstanding (basic)		230.8	233.9	238.5
Book value per common share	\$	23.82	\$ 23.13	\$ 22.66

Additional financial information relating to Empire, including the Company's Annual Information Form, can be found on the Company's website www.empireco.ca or on the SEDAR+ website for Canadian regulatory filings at www.sedarplus.ca.

Approved by Board of Directors: December 10, 2025 Stellarton, Nova Scotia, Canada